

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 03/01/2023 Version: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier Product form : Mixture Product name Smart-Up Structure Gris ÷ 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses Use of the substance/mixture : Premix used for formulation for construction products 1.2.2. Uses advised against No additional information available 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier S.A. VICAT Direction Vicat SYSNERGIE 4 Rue Aristide Bergès FR- 38080 L'Isle d'Abeau France

smart-up@vicat.fr - www.smartup-vicat.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

No additional information available

T +33 4 74 27 59 00

SECTION 2: Hazards identification	n	
2.1. Classification of the substance	or mixture	
Classification according to Regulation (E	C) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	
Eye Dam. 1	H318	
STOT SE 3	H335	
STOT RE 2	H373	
Full toxt of bazard classes H and FUH star	amonta: and postion 16	

Full text of hazard classes, H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

When premix comes into contact with the skin, when mixing concrete or mortar for example, or when premix is wet, a strongly alkaline solution is produced.

Inhalation :

Frequent inhalation of large quantities of premix dust over a long period increases the risk of the onset of respiratory disease.

Eyes :

Contact of premix (dry or wet) with the eyes may lead to serious eye injuries which are potentially irreversible.

Skin :

Premix may have an irritating effect on damp skin (by transpiration or ambient humidity) after prolonged contact. Prolonged contact of the skin with premix may lead to severe burning because these burns occur without pain, for example, working while kneeling on wet premix, including through trousers. Repeated contact between the skin and wet premix may also lead to contact dermatitis.

#### **2.2. Label elements**

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



Signal word (CLP)

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Contains	: Quartz (1% ≤ fine fraction < 10%); Portland Cement clinker, chemicals; Flue dust, portland
Hazard statements (CLP)	cement : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Thazard Statements (CLF)	H318 - Causes serious eve damage.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements (CLP)	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
······································	P261 - Avoid breathing dust.
	P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.
	P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
	P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a
	POISON CENTER or doctor.
	P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
	P501 - Dispose of contents and container to an authorised waste collection point.
EUH-statements	: EUH203 - Contains chromium (VI). May produce an allergic reaction.
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: The product contains chromate reducing agent (Iron (II) sulfate or Tin sulphate). As a
	result, the content of soluble chromium (VI) is less than 2 ppm. If the storage conditions are not appropriate or the storage period is exceeded, the effectiveness of the reducing agent can diminish, and the premix can become skin sensitizing. In the case of atopic dispositions (immediate hypersensitivity type allergy, IgE-dependent) the reactogenic threshold is not
	subject to any limit value. Consequently, end users are kindly invited to check their ability to present this atopic disposition and cease any contact in case of immediate reaction. In any

To our knowledge, contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Portland Cement clinker, chemicals (65997-15-1)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)
Quartz (14808-60-7)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)
Quartz (1% ≤ fine fraction < 10%) (14808-60-7)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)
Flue dust, portland cement (68475-76-3)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)

case wearing PPI during manipulation is a pre-requisite.

To our knowledge, the mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

Component	
Portland Cement clinker, chemicals(65997-15-1)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Quartz(14808-60-7)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Quartz (1% ≤ fine fraction < 10%)(14808-60-7)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

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Component	
	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

### Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Portland Cement clinker, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1 EC-No.: 266-043-4	34 - 40	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Quartz substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7 EC-No.: 238-878-4	25 – 50	Not classified
Quartz (1% ≤ fine fraction < 10%) substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7 EC-No.: 238-878-4	10 – 15	STOT RE 2, H373
Flue dust, portland cement	CAS-No.: 68475-76-3 EC-No.: 270-659-9 REACH-no: 01-2119486767- 17	0 - 2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: In case of massive inhalation : Move the affected person to the fresh air. The throat and nostrils should clear themselves. Consult a doctor if irritation occurs, or if latter discomfort, coughing or any other symptoms appear.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: If the product is dry: Wipe off as much as possible. Rinse with plenty of water. If the product is humidified: Remove all contaminated clothing and footwear. Remove clothing, shoes, watches and other objects that have become contaminated and clean thoroughly before reuse. In case of irritation, redness or burns, consult a doctor.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Do not rub in order to avoid further damage to the cornea. If need be, remove contact lenses, then rinse immediately with copious amounts of clean water for at least 20 minutes, keeping the eyelids wide apart in order to eliminate any residue. If possible, use isotonic water (0.9% NaCL). Consult an occupational doctor or ophthalmologist.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: On ingestion in large quantities: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth out with water (only if the person is conscious). Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	s, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Premix may irritate the throat and respiratory tract. Coughs, sneezing and respiratory discomfort may appear in circumstances where the limit value of occupational exposure is exceeded.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Dry premix in contact with slightly wet skin or exposure to wet or mixed premix may lead to thickening of the skin and the appearance of fissures or cracks. Prolonged contact combined with abrasions may cause severe burns.

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Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Direct contact may damage the cornea due to rubbing, may cause immediate or subsequent irritation or inflammation. Larger quantities of dry premix or splashes of mixed premix may lead to consequences ranging from moderate irritation (conjunctivitis or blepharitis) to chemical burns and blindness.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Severe irritation or burns to the mouth, throat, oesophagus, and stomach. Nausea. Vomiting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. If possible show this sheet, if not available show packaging or label.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: All extinguishing agents can be used.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the subs	tance or mixture	
Fire hazard	: Premix is neither combustible, nor explosive and will not aid or feed the combustion of other materials.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Precautionary measures fire	: Premix poses no fire-related hazards. No need for special protective equipment for fire- fighters.	
Firefighting instructions	: Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel Protective equipment	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust.	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".	
6.2. Environmental precautions		

Do not allow product to spread into the environment. Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

6.3. Methods and material for co	ntainment and cleaning up
For containment	<ul> <li>Clean up dry premix using methods that do not cause the dispersion of the dry product into the air, for example:</li> <li>suction cleaners (portable industrial strength, equipped with an effective air particle filter (HEPA filter) or some other equivalent technique).</li> <li>Recover waste premix and place it in a closed container. Wait until it sets and becomes</li> </ul>
	solid before disposing of it as indicated in section 13.
Methods for cleaning up	: Wash contaminated area with large amounts of water.
Other information	: After moistening, the klinker can be remove as for non-hazardous building waste premix.

For further information refer to section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and stor	age
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid creating or spreading dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. In order to limit the emission of dust: For premix in bags used in an open mixer: pour in the water first, followed by the premix. Do not pour from a great height and commence mixing slowly and regularly. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers.</li> </ul>
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling premix in order to avoid all contact with the skin or mouth. Wash your hands immediately after handling premix or products containing premix. Remove clothing, shoes, watches and other contaminated objects and wash them separately and thoroughly before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, in	ncluding any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Control of soluble Cr (VI): If the premix is treated with Cr (VI) reducing agent according to the regulations referred to in section 15, the effectiveness of the reducing agent diminishes with time. In this case, the accompanying documents indicate the period during which the manufacturer has determined that the soluble Cr (VI) content is maintained by the reducing agent under the regulatory limit of 0.0002%, in accordance with EN 196.10. The conditions of storage necessary to retain the effectiveness of the reducing agent are also indicated.
Storage conditions	: Bulk premix must be stored in silos that are watertight, dry (with reduced internal condensation), clean and protected from all contamination.
Incompatible materials	: Aluminium.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

No information available.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Quartz (1% ≤ fine fraction < 10%) (14808-60-7)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)		
Local name	Silica crystaline (Quartz)	
IOEL TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)	
Remark	(Year of adoption 2003)	
Regulatory reference	SCOEL Recommendations	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)		
Local name	Silica crystaline (Quartz)	
IOEL TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)	
Remark	(Year of adoption 2003)	
Regulatory reference	SCOEL Recommendations	

### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

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#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

No additional information available

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

Handling of dry or mixed premix: Approved goggles or watertight goggles complying with NF EN 166

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Protective clothing (with elasticated cuffs and closed neck). Boots. Take care that mixed premix does not penetrate inside your boots. For work where kneeling in involved, waterproof knee-pads are required. As far as possible, avoid kneeling on fresh premix

#### Hand protection:

Protective gloves made from waterproof nitrile rubber or neoprene, using material containing little soluble Cr (VI), with a cotton lining. These gloves must be waterproof and resistant to wear and alkalis. The protective gloves to be used must comply with the specifications of the regulation 2016/425 and the resultant standard EN 374. Gloves are only effective as long as premix particles do not penetrate between the gloves and the skin. Breakthrough time (min) : 480. Always change damaged or soaked gloves immediately. Always have spare gloves in ready supply.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Dust mask FFP2

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Air: Environmental exposure control for the emission of premix particles into air has to be in accordance with the available technology and regulations for the emission of general dust particles.

Water: Do not wash premix into sewage systems or into bodies of water, to avoid high pH. Above pH 9 negative ecotoxicological impacts are possible.

Soil and terrestrial environment: No special emission control measures are necessary for the exposure to the terrestrial environment.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour:Appearance:Odour:Odour threshold:Melting point:Freezing point:Boiling point:Flammability:Oxidising properties:Explosive limits:Lower explosion limit:	Solid Grey. Powder. Odourless. Not available > 1250 °C Not applicable Not applicable The product is not flammable Non oxidizing material according to EC criteria. Not applicable Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable
Flash point :	Not applicable (non-flammable solid)

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Viscosity, dynamic       : Not applicable         Solubility       : Water: 0.1 – 1.5 g/l Slightly soluble (20°C)         Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)       : Not applicable         Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)       : Not applicable         Vapour pressure       : Not applicable         Vapour pressure at 50°C       : Not available         Density       : 0.9 – 1.5 g/cm³ (Apparent specific gravity) - 2.75-3.20 g/cm³ (Absolute specific gravity)         Relative density       : Not available         Partition upper density at 20%C       : Not available	/)
Relative density       : Not available         Relative vapour density at 20°C       : Not applicable	
Particle size : 5 — 30 µm	

#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No additional information available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

To our knowledge, the product does not present any particular risk.

#### **10.2. Chemical stability**

The premix dry remains stable as long as it is stored correctly (see section 7) and compatible with most other building materials. Moistened with water, the premix hardens into a stable mass that does not react in ordinary environments.

#### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Avoid contact with : Aluminium. (Formation of hydrogen in case of uncontrolled use in a spoiled premix).

#### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Moisture can cause premix to set (lump formation) and loss of product quality.

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Acids. Ammonium salts. Aluminium and other non-noble metals.

#### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None, to our knowledge. The premix does not break down into dangerous sub-products and is not subject to polymerization.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on hazard classe	es as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation. pH: 12 – 13
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage. pH: 12 – 13
Respiratory or skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity	<ul> <li>Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> </ul>

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: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
: May cause respiratory irritation.
: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
: Not classified (Technical impossibility to obtain the data)
Not applicable

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - general	: A priori the product does not present any hazard for the environment (LC50 aquatic toxicity is not yet determined). However, the addition of large amount of product in water may caus an increase in pH and therefore be toxic to aquatic organisms in certain circumstances.	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		

### No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Smart-Up Structure Gris		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not applicable (inorganic substance).	

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

Component		
Portland Cement clinker, chemicals (65997-15-1)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)	
Quartz (1% ≤ fine fraction < 10%) (14808-60-7)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)	
Flue dust, portland cement (68475-76-3)	PBT : Not applicable (inorganic substance) vPvB : Not applicable (inorganic substance)	

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	3
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	<ul> <li>Product - premix that has passed its use by date and where it is shown to contain more than 0.0002% Cr (VI) soluble in water: use/sale restricted to closed controlled processes which are fully automated or recycling/disposal according to local by-laws or renewed treatment with a reducing agent.</li> <li>Product - residue or spillage in dry form: Cause the premix to set by adding water and dispose of it according to local by-laws.</li> <li>Product - slurry: Leave to harden, avoid its introduction into drains, sewer systems or water courses (eg streams) and dispose of according to local by-laws.</li> <li>Product - after the addition of water and setting has occurred: Dispose of according to local by-laws. Avoid its introduction into waste water disposal networks. Dispose of the hardened product as for waste concrete.</li> <li>In view of concrete's inert properties, waste is not considered as being hazardous waste.</li> <li>Entries in the European waste catalogue: 10 13 14 (Waste arising from the manufacture of</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>cement - cement waste or cement slurry) or 17 01 01 (Construction and demolition waste - cement).</li> <li>Empty packaging completely and process according to local by-laws. Entries in the European waste catalogue: 15 01 01 (Paper waste and cardboard packaging). The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of specific european, national or local regulations regarding disposal.</li> </ul>
Ecology - waste materials	: Do not allow to enter sewers, surface or groundwater.

# SECTION 14: Transport information In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID number				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard o	class(es)			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental haz	ards			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport Not regulated

Transport by sea Not regulated

Air transport Not regulated

Inland waterway transport Not regulated

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#### Rail transport

Not regulated

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

#### **REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XVII (Restriction Conditions)

#### **REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

#### **REACH Candidate List (SVHC)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

#### PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

#### **POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

#### Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

#### **Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

#### **Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)**

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment** 

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
РВТ	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

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Data sources	<ul> <li>SDS of suppliers. ECHA (European Chemicals Agency). (1) Portland Cement Dust - Hazard assessment document EH75/7, UK Health and Safety Executive, 2006. Available from: http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/web/portlandcement.pdf.</li> </ul>
	(2) Observations on the effects of skin irritation caused by cement, Kietzman et al, Dermatosen, 47, 5, 184-189 (1999).
	(3) European Commission's Scientific Committee on Toxicology, Ecotoxicology and the Environment (SCTEE) opinion of the risks to health from Cr (VI) in cement (European Commission, 2002).
	http://ec.europa.eu/health/archive/ph_risk/committees/sct/documents/out158_en.pdf.
	(4) Epidemiological assessment of the occurrence of allergic dermatitis in workers in the construction industry related to the content of Cr (VI) in cement, NIOH, Page 11, 2003.
	(5) U.S. EPA, Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms, 3rd ed. EPA/600/7-91/002, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, U.S. EPA, Cincinnati, OH (1994a) and 4th ed. EPA-821-R-02-013, US EPA, office of water, Washington D.C. (2002).
	(6) U.S. EPA, Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, 4th ed. EPA/600/4-90/027F, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, U.S. EPA, Cincinnati, OH (1993) and 5th ed. EPA-821-R-02-012, US EPA, office of water, Washington D.C. (2002).
	(7) Environmental Impact of Construction and Repair Materials on Surface and Ground Waters. Summary of Methodology, Laboratory Results, and Model Development. NCHRP report 448, National Academy Press, Washington, D.C, 2001.
	(8) Final report Sediment Phase Toxicity Test Results with Corophium volutator for Portland clinker prepared for Norcem A.S. by AnalyCen Ecotox AS, 2007.
	(9) TNO report V8801/02, An acute (4-hour) inhalation toxicity study with Portland Cement Clinker CLP/GHS 03-2010-fine in rats, August 2010.
	(10) TNO report V8815/09, Evaluation of eye irritation potential of cement clinker G in vitro using the isolated chicken eye test, April 2010.
	(11) TNO report V8815/10, Evaluation of eye irritation potential of cement clinker W in vitro using the isolated chicken eye test, April 2010.
	(12) Investigation of the cytotoxic and proinflammatory effects of cement dusts in rat alveolar macrophages, Van Berlo et al, Chem. Res. Toxicol, 2009 Sept; 22(9):1548-58.
	(13) Cytotoxicity and genotoxicity of cement dusts in A549 human epithelial lung cells in vitro; Gminski et al, Abstract DGPT conference Mainz, 2008.
	(14) Comments on a recommendation from the American Conference of governmental industrial Hygienists to change the threshold limit value for Portland cement, Patrick A. Hessel and John F. Gamble, EpiLung Consulting, June 2008.
	(15) Exposure to Thoracic Aerosol in a Prospective Lung Function Study of Cement Production Workers; Noto, H, et al; Ann. Occup. Hyg, 2015, Vol. 59, No. 1, 4–24.
	(16) MEASE, Metals estimation and assessment of substance exposure, EBRC Consulting GmbH for Eurometaux, http://www.ebrc.de/industrial-chemicals-reach/projects-and-references/mease.php.
	(17) Occurrence of allergic contact dermatitis caused by chromium in cement. A review of epidemiological investigations, Kåre Lenvik, Helge Kjuus, NIOH, Oslo, December 2011.
	(18) ECHA Support Questions and answers agreed with National Helpdesks. ID1695

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

May 2020. https://echa.europa.eu/es/support/qas-support/qas-agreed-with-national-helpdesks.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
EUH203	Contains chromium (VI). May produce an allergic reaction.	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1	
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:				
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Expert judgment		
Eye Dam. 1	H318	On basis of test data		
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method		
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method		

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.